

Solve each system of equations by substitution. Determine whether the system is consistent or inconsistent.

1) Get y by itself

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}y = 4 \\ \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}y = 7 \end{cases}$$

2. $(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}y = 4)$
 $1x + 3y = 8$
 $-x$
 $3y = -x + 8$
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-x + 8}{3}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$

3. $(\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}y = 7)$
 $2x - 1y = 21$
 $-2x$
 $-1y = -2x + 21$
 $\frac{-1y}{-1} = \frac{-2x + 21}{-1}$
 $y = 2x - 21$

2) set equations equal and solve for x

3. $(-\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} = 2x - 21)$
 $-1x + 8 = 6x - 63$
 $-6x$
 $-7x + 8 = -63$
 -8
 $-7x = -71$
 $\frac{-7x}{-7} = \frac{-71}{-7}$
 $x = 10.14$

3) Choose equation to plug in x and solve for y

$y = 2x - 21$
 $y = 2(10.14) - 21$
 $y = 20.28 - 21$
 $y = -0.72$

Solution: $(10.14, -0.72)$

Equations are already solved for y, and you already know what x equals, so just plug $x=4$ into the first equation to find y

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ x = 4 \end{cases}$$

$y = 2x - 3$
 $x = 4$
 $y = 2(4) - 3$
 $y = 8 - 3$
 $y = 5$

Solution: $(4, 5)$

10. $(0.1x + 1.2y = 0.8)$ $(0.8x - 0.2y = 1.5)$
 $0.1x + 1.2y = 0.8$

$1x + 12y = 8$
 $-x$
 $\frac{12y}{12} = \frac{-x + 8}{12}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{12}x + \frac{8}{12}$

$8x - 2y = 15$
 $-8x$
 $-2y = -8x + 15$
 $\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-8x + 15}{-2}$
 $y = 4x - \frac{15}{2}$

$-49x + 8 = -90$
 -8
 $-49x = -98$
 $\frac{-49x}{-49} = \frac{-98}{-49}$
 $x = 2$
 $y = 4x - \frac{15}{2}$
 $y = 4(2) - \frac{15}{2}$
 $y = 8 - \frac{15}{2}$
 $y = 0.5$
 Solution: $(2, 0.5)$

12. $(-\frac{1}{12}x + \frac{8}{12} = 4x - \frac{15}{2})$
 $-1x + 8 = 48x - 90$
 $-48x$
 $-48x$

$2x + y = 9$
 $-2x$
 $y = 5x + 2$
 $y = -2x + 9$

set equations equal to solve for x

$-2x + 9 = 5x + 2$
 $-5x$
 $-5x$
 $-7x + 9 = 2$
 -9
 -9
 $-7x = -7$
 $\frac{-7x}{-7} = \frac{-7}{-7}$
 $x = 1$

once you have x, plug into one of the equations to solve for y

$y = -2x + 9$
 $x = 1$
 $y = -2(1) + 9$
 $y = -2 + 9$
 $y = 7$

Now, write the solution as an ordered pair

Solution: $(1, 7)$