

1) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned}
 &4-15 \\
 &-2(4-5 \cdot 3) + 4 - 3^2 \\
 &-2(-11) + 4 - 3^2 \quad 26-9 \\
 &-2(-11) + 4 - 9 \quad \boxed{17} \\
 &22 + 4 - 9
 \end{aligned}$$

2) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned}
 &-(2x-6) - 6(2x-4) + 7x \\
 &-2x+6 -12x+24 + 7x \\
 &-2x-12x+7x + 6+24 \\
 &\quad \boxed{-7x+30}
 \end{aligned}$$

3) Solve

$$\begin{aligned}
 7-3x+12 &= 4x+1 \\
 -3x+7+12 &= 4x+1 \\
 -3x+19 &= 4x+1 \\
 \underline{-4x} \quad \underline{-4x} \\
 -7x+19 &= 1 \\
 \underline{-19} \quad \underline{-19}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -7x &= -18 \\
 \underline{-7} \quad \underline{-7}
 \end{aligned}$$

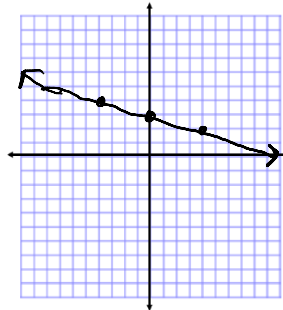
$$\boxed{x = \frac{18}{7} = 2.57}$$

4) Graph the linear equation

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 3$$

x	y
0	3
4	2
-4	4

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= -\frac{1}{4}(4) + 3 \\
 y &= -1 + 3 = 2 \\
 y &= -\frac{1}{4}(-4) + 3 \\
 y &= 1 + 3 = 4
 \end{aligned}$$



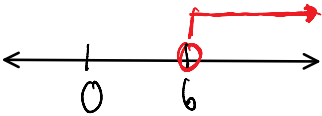
5) Solve and graph on a number line

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\frac{2}{3}x + 10 &< 6 \\
 \underline{-10} \quad \underline{-10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{3}x < -4 \quad \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$x > \frac{12}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x > 6}$$



6) Solve the system of linear equations

$$\begin{aligned}
 -2(x+y=12) \\
 2x+3y=31
 \end{aligned}
 + \begin{aligned}
 -2x-2y &= -24 \\
 2x+3y &= 31 \\
 \hline
 -y &= -5 \\
 y &= 5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x+y &= 12 \\
 x+7 &= 12 \\
 \underline{-7} \quad \underline{-7}
 \end{aligned}$$

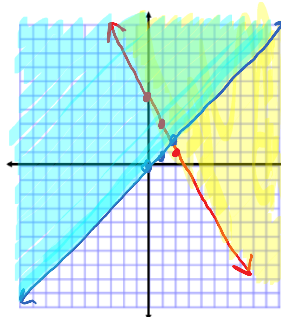
$$x=5$$

$$\boxed{(5, 7)}$$

7) Graph the system of linear inequalities

- $y \geq -2x + 5$
- $y \geq x$

x	y	x	y
0	5	0	0
1	3	1	1
2	1	2	2



8) Find the zeroes of the quadratic function

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$$0 = -x^2 + 2x + 8$$

$$-1(x^2 - 2x - 8)$$

$$0 = -1(x - 4)(x + 2)$$

$$a = 1$$

$$b = -2$$

$$c = -8$$

$$x - 4 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad x + 2 = 0$$

$$\underline{+4} \quad \underline{+4} \quad \text{and} \quad \underline{-2} \quad \underline{-2}$$

$$x = 4 \quad \text{and} \quad x = -2$$

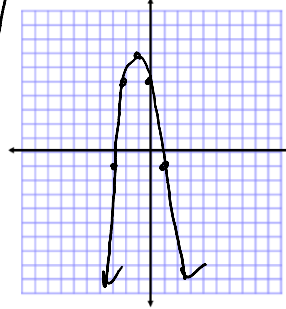
9) Graph the quadratic function

$$y = -2x^2 - 4x + 5$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-4)}{2(-2)} = \frac{4}{-4} = -1$$

$$y = -2(-1)^2 - 4(-1) + 5 = -2(1) + 4 + 5$$

$$y = -2 + 4 + 5 = 7$$



vertex:
(-1, 7)

$$1(a) = -2$$

$$3(a) = -6$$

$$5(a) = -10$$

10) Simplify the radical

$$\sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$